

Fig. 2 Installed setup on lathe machine

The dimmer was used to vary the current. The washers were used to vary the working gap. DC current/voltage readings were taken by multi-meter. The figure 2 shows the various parts of prepared setup. The MAF setup was prepared in college and used as attachment on cross slide of lathe machine. The setup consists of main frame and electromagnets.

#### IV. EXPERIMENTAL CONDITIONS

TABLE 1 FIXED AND VARIABLE PARAMETERS

Current	4 amp
speed	280 rpm
Composition	55% (Fe) – 45% (Emery)
Work material	Brass IS319 rod of $\Phi 26\text{mm}$
Working gap	8mm, 10mm and 12mm
Grit size	150 grit, 180 grit and 250 girt
Machining time	4min, 8min and 12 min

#### V. RESULTS

##### Effect of working gap

As the working gap increases from 8mm to 12mm surface finish decreases. It may due to reduced strength of magnetic brush when the working gap increased.

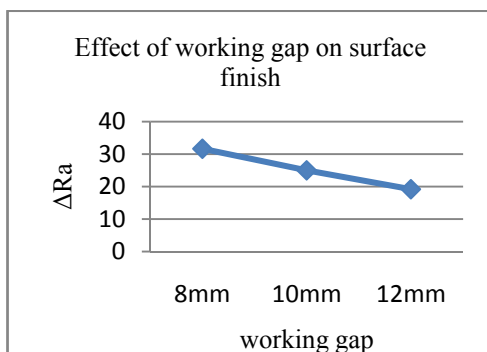


Fig. 3 Effect of working gap on surface finish

##### Effect of grit size

The percent improvement in surface finish improves considerably when grit size varies from 150 grit size to 180 grit size. It reaches a maximum value at 180 grit size and then it again decreased at 250 grit size.

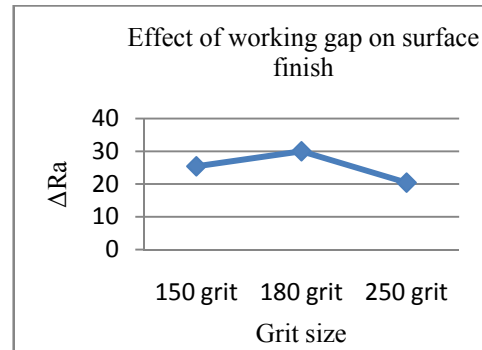


Fig. 4: Effect of grit size on surface finish

##### Effect of machining time

Surface finish improved considerably when machining time was increased from 4 minute to 8 minute, however appreciable improvement was not seen by further increase in machining time.

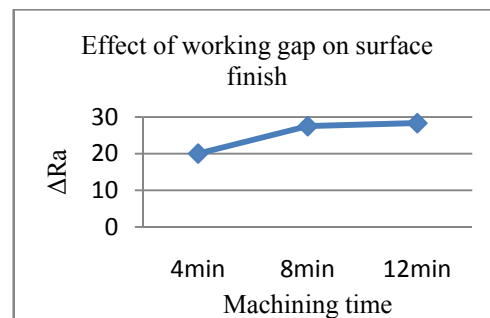


Fig. 5 Effect of machining time on surface finish

#### VI. TAGUCHI ANALYSIS

Taguchi design method used as an experimental design process. Taguchi L9 orthogonal array was used to investigate the effects of different parameters. Results were critically analyzed using MINITAB 17 software. S/N ratio and mean were also calculated by using larger is better in MINITAB 17 software. As shown in fig. the optimum working gap was 8mm, 180 grit size and 12 minutes time.

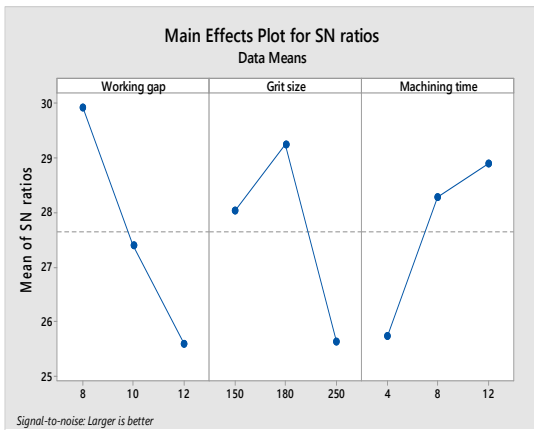


Fig. 6 Main effects plot for SN ratios

## VII. CONCLUSION

All variable parameters (working gap, grit size and machining time) have significant effect on brass IS319 rod, however the most optimal parameter as per MINITAB software analysis under the given set of conditions was working gap.

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